

## Bracket Rebonding with the Jig

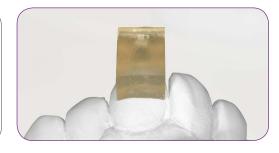
A jig is made up from two parts : The Connector on which is placed the bracket and the Cap which partially covers the tooth. Connector slides into the Cap.







Choose the Cap corresponding to the tooth to which a bracket must be bonded and check its stability on this tooth.



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ADVANCING LINGUAL ORTHODONTIC



Place a fine coat of varnish on the lingual surface of the plaster model and block the Cap with sticky wax.



Engage Connector into the Cap to ensure good contact. Cap and Connector must be in perfect contact. Advise : if needed, scratch with a scalpel the part of Connector which goes into the slot.





Place a bracket on the Connector and engage the Connector into the Cap.





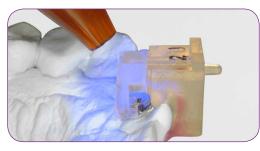
Place a ball of composite in excess between the lingual surface and the base of the bracket. ( Quickcure-Reliance Orthodontic Products )



## Push the Connector well into the Cap.

Advise : the ball of composite must be crushed enough to allow its penetration in the retentive base of the bracket.





Remove excess composite with a fine instrument and photopolymerize.

Disengage the Connector then unstick the Cape of the model : the bracket is now bonded on the model.









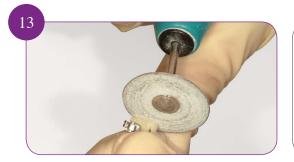
Add extensions to the resin pad on the lingual surface with fluid composite. ( Flow Tain LV )



Prolong these extensions slightly on the labial surface. ( For premolar and molar to prolong partially on the occlusal surface )



Put down the model in some warm water for 5 min to separate bracket from model.



Remove excess composite with disc or bur. Advise : the composite does not have to exceed the gingival part of the base of the bracket.





## The bracket is now ready to bond onto the patient teeth.

Advise : once the bracket is stuck on the enamel remove composite extension which correctly secured the location of the bracket with a round carbide bur.

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